

lipu sona pi toki pona

tan soweli Tesa

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introduction - about this course

hi! welcome to my toki pona course!

i first made this course to teach my girlfriend toki pona, because i disagree with other courses on many small and big things and i didn't want to have to correct the courses while fae was going through them.

however, i put a lot of work into this course, so i figured i may as well also put it out online for anyone else to use!

i tried my best to do a good compromise between my personal style and the style of pu, and i think it should be a good starting point for anyone interested in learning toki pona. ultimately, it's up to you to form your own style after you're done with this course.

this is the pdf version of my course, it's also available on <https://lipu-sona.kittycat.homes/en/>

notes

this course will not make you fluent. no course out there will! toki pona may be minimalist, but it's still a complex language to learn. people spend several years before they even start considering themselves fluent, and you will probably be no different.

however, this course will give you a good understanding of all the important fundamentals of toki pona, so you can then go on to explore the language on your own!

i think that using the language actively is very important while learning, and i highly recommend joining toki pona communities where you can practice speaking the language and ask questions.

it's okay to make mistakes - everyone does!

☒ > ʌ>> ʘ -!

pakala li kama e sona sin

mistakes bring forth new knowledge

if you have any questions or feedback feel free to message me on discord (comforttiger#0), message me on matrix (@tiger:matrix.kittycat.homes), or email me on.. email (tiger@kittycat.homes)

also feel free to message me if you need help with understanding anything toki pona related, or talk to other proficient speakers!

lesson 0 - sounds

toki pona has 14 letters in its alphabet:

a e i k l m n o p s t u w

general guide to pronunciation

vowels

the vowels are similar to spanish.

a [ä] - like **a** in **father**

e [e] - like **e** in **let** or **ten**

i [i] - like **ee** in **been**

o [o] - like **o** in **cone**

u [u] - like **oo** in **soon**

(note that the comparisons to english words are approximations and may not be accurate depending on your accent, i recommend going by the IPA symbols inside the square brackets for a more accurate idea of the correct pronunciations)

consonants

most of the consonants are just like english, except j. j is always like y in yellow

stress

don't be stressed, you don't have to pronounce the letters *exactly* as i say, you can pronounce things slightly differently if it feels natural - for example, you could soften your p, t, and k sounds into b, d, and g sounds!

oh and also, you always have to stress the first syllable of every word.

lesson 1 - me and you

vocab

ŀ **mi** first-person pronoun (i, me, we, us)

Ḅ **sina** second-person pronoun (you)

ˆˆ **suwi** sweet, fragrant; cute, adorable

-ˆ **sin** new, fresh, update; repeat, do again; additional, another, extra

ö **toki** communicate, say, think; conversation, story; language

˘ **pona** positive quality; good, pleasant, helpful, friendly, useful, peaceful

lesson

sentences with ŀ mi or Ḅ sina

the most basic sentence structure in toki pona is:

ŀ / Ḅ	predicate
mi/sina	predicate

ŀ / Ḅ mi/sina is the *subject* of this sentence - the one who is doing or being.
the *predicate* is what the subject is doing or being.

sitelen pona

sitelen pona is toki pona's own writing system!

its a logography, where every word has its own symbol. you've already seen the symbols - they're next to the words in the vocab section!

notes

- in toki pona, you don't capitalize the starts of sentences.
- toki pona has no built-in tense or number.

examples

6 ^ ^

sina suwi
you are cute

Ɔ ö

mi toki
we talked
i am talking

exercises

answers on page 48

toki pona to english

1. *mi suwi*
2. *sina pona*
3. *toki! mi sin*

english to toki pona

1. *we're talking*
2. *i'm you*

read sitelen pona

1. 6 ö
2. Ɔ ~

lesson 2 - the particle li

vocab

→ **ona** third-person pronoun (he/she/it/they)

☺ **musi** fun, game, entertainment, art, play, amusing, interesting, comical, silly

○ **ijo** thing, phenomenon, object, matter, something; being, entity, someone

👤 **jan** human being, person, someone

☹ **ike** negative quality; bad, unpleasant, harmful, unneeded

🐾 **soweli** fuzzy creature, land animal, beast

🐦 **waso** bird, flying creature, winged creature

> **li** *particle*: marks the predicate

lesson

sentences without ꞑ mi or 6 sina

we covered sentences with only ꞑ mi or 6 sina as the subject, but for sentences with any other word as the subject, it's different.

in this case, you use the particle > li to introduce the predicate:

subject > predicate

subject li predicate

practice writing sitelen pona!

the end of the lessons have exercises in reading sitelen pona, but i highly recommend you practice writing sitelen pona too! grab a pen and paper and just write about your feelings, your day, everyday objects, using sitelen pona! keep practicing as you learn more words and grammar, and you'll come far.

examples

ona li suwi
they are cute

waso li waso
birds are birds

exercises

answers on page 48

translate from toki pona to english

1. *ona li waso*
2. *ijo li musi*
3. *jan li musi*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *evil is bad*
2. *sweets are great*
3. *the thing is bad*
4. *i like movies*

read sitelen pona

1. ʌ > ʉ
2. ʌ > ʘ
3. ʘ > ʌ

lesson 3 - modifiers

vocab

∨ **lili** small, short, young; few; piece, part

lll **mute** many, several, very; quantity

× **ala** not, nothing, no

↓ **ni** this, that, these, those

lo **wawa** power, energy, strength; confident, intense, forceful; amazing, impressive

× **weka** absent, away, distant; remove, get rid of

K **ken** ability, permission; possibility, maybe; allow, enable

lesson

modifiers

modifiers go after the word they're modifying.

∨

soweli lili
small animal

to do possessive, you modify the word with the pronoun.

∨ P

soweli lili mi
my small animal

in sitelen pona, you can also put the modifier inside or above the word it's modifying.

∨

∨

soweli lili

there's no particular rules to when you should write modifiers one way or another in sitelen pona, just write them the way that looks the best to you!

note about modifying P mi or b sina

keep in mind that if you modify P mi or b sina, you need to use > li afterwards.

P -.- > lo

mi sin li wawa
those of us who are new are confident

note about context

toki pona is a very context-dependent language. one phrase can mean many different things in many different contexts.

in order to communicate properly, you need to think about and break down what the thing you're talking about means, and how that can be expressed in context.

Qʻ v

jan musi lili

young entertainers

short clowns

a few comedians

since exercises can't really have as much context as real life situations do, the translations you come up with might differ from mine. that's okay!

if your translation is different, think for yourself if your translation might make sense in a given context, or feel free to ask a proficient speaker about it if you're really unsure.

exercises

answers on page 48

translate from toki pona to english

1. *ken mute*
2. *soweli wawa li lili ala*
3. *ona li jan ike*
4. *weka sina li ike*
5. *ni li pona ala*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *small animals are really cute!*
2. *bats are capable*
3. *the children are gone*
4. *my strength is okay*
5. *lots of people speak well*
6. *the children, who are away, are playing nicely*

read sitelen pona

1. 6 ǂ
2. ǂ > ↓ X
3. ǂ > ǂ III
4. ǂ > K
5. ǂ III > ʻ

lesson 4 - objects

vocab

👁 **lukin** look, view, examine, read, watch; eye, seeing organ

△ **kule** color, pigment; category, genre, flavor

⌘ **pali** work, practice; create, build, design; put effort toward, take action on

🏠 **tomo** indoor space, shelter; room, building, home, tent, shack

≈ **telo** liquid; water, gasoline, soda, lava, soup, oil, ink

🍴 **moku** eat, drink, consume, swallow, ingest; food, edible thing

👯 **olin** to have a strong emotional bond with, affection, appreciation; platonic, romantic, or familial relationships

» **e** *particle*: marks the direct object

lesson

you use the particle » e to indicate the *direct object*, the one being affected by the *predicate*.

subject > predicate » direct object
subject li predicate e direct object

👉 > ⌘ » 🏠
ona li pali e tomo
they are building a house

complex ideas

when you want to express more complex ideas, you should often split it up into several sentences.

you use the words ↓ ni or ↪ ona to refer to ideas you've already said or are going to say.

↓ ni is a bit broader than ↪ ona.

𐀀 𐀁 𐀂 𐀃 · ↪ 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋

mi lukin e jan · ona li pali e tomo mi

i saw a person. they were building our house

i saw the person who is building our house

𐀀 𐀁 𐀂 𐀃 ↓ · 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋

mi lukin e ni · sina olin e mi

i see this: you love me

examples

𐀀 𐀁 ↓ 𐀂 𐀃 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋

moku ni li wawa e jan

this food strengthens people

𐀀 𐀁 𐀂 𐀃 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋 𐀌 𐀍 𐀎 𐀏 𐀐 𐀑 𐀒 𐀓 𐀔 𐀕 𐀖

jan li musi ike e soweli lili

the person is poorly entertaining the small animals

↪ 𐀀 𐀁 𐀂 𐀃 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋 𐀌 𐀍 𐀎 𐀏 𐀐 𐀑 𐀒 𐀓 𐀔 𐀕 𐀖

ona li pali wawa e musi

they are confidently making games

𐀀 𐀁 𐀂 𐀃 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋 𐀌 𐀍 𐀎 𐀏 𐀐 𐀑 𐀒 𐀓 𐀔 𐀕 𐀖 𐀗 𐀘 𐀙 𐀚 𐀛 𐀜 𐀝 𐀞 𐀟 𐀠 𐀡 𐀢 𐀣 𐀤 𐀥 𐀦 𐀧 𐀨 𐀩 𐀪 𐀫 𐀬 𐀭 𐀮 𐀯 𐀰 𐀱 𐀲 𐀳 𐀴 𐀵 𐀶 𐀷 𐀸 𐀹 𐀺 𐀻 𐀼 𐀽 𐀾 𐀿

waso li lukin e ni · soweli sina li sin

the bird sees that your pet is new

note about punctuation

toki pona has no defined punctuation. the only thing that's necessary is some way to separate sentences.

i opted to use an interpunct inbetween sentences as the only punctuation throughout this course.

usually, it's very common to separate sentences with a full stop. when there's a ↓ ni referring to an idea in the next sentence, a colon is often used instead.

in sitelen pona it's common to use line breaks, middle dots (·), or large spaces to separate sentences.

lesson 5 - preverbs

vocab

𐄂 **pipi** insect, bug, spider, tiny crawling creature

☹ **moli** death, dead, die, dying; kill, murder

𐄀 **ilo** tool, implement, machine, device

preverbs

△ **kama** arrive, approach, summon; future

preverb: to become

Ω **wile** want, desire, wish, require

preverb: to want to

Λ **awen** stay, remain, wait, pause; protect, keep safe; continue

preverb: to continue to

ḿ **sona** knowledge, information, data; know, be skilled in, be wise about preverb

preverb: to know how to

Ƙ **ken** ability, permission; possibility, maybe; allow, enable

preverb: to be able to

◊ **lukin** look, view, examine, read, watch; eye, seeing organ

preverb: to try to

notes

△ kama, Ω wile, Λ awen, ḿ sona, Ƙ ken, ◊ lukin are preverbs! words have different meanings when used as preverbs and otherwise. the preverb meaning of a word is marked separately.

there are two words you already know on this list, Ƙ ken and ◊ lukin, but their preverb meanings are new.

lesson

preverbs

preverbs go before the predicate and modify it.

preverbs can only be modified with the word × ala, to negate it. you can also put multiple preverbs after each other.

subject > preverb predicate (>> object)

subject li preverb predicate (e object)

examples

Ɩ Ƙ × ☹ >>> 𐄂

mi ken ala moli e pipi

i can't kill the bug

ḅ Ḁ Ḃ

sina ken kama pona
you can become good

ḥ ˆ > Ḁ Ḃ Ḅ

waso suwi li awen wile e pipi
the cute bird still wants a bug

exercises

answers on page 50

translate from toki pona to english

1. *mi ken awen wawa*
2. *weka ona li wawa e jan mute*
3. *ilo li ken ala moli e soweli*
4. *jan li kama e moku*
5. *waso li pali e ilo toki*
6. *jan li pali e ni · mi wile awen soweli*
7. *mi wile e ni · sina lukin e pipi pona*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *i wanna learn toki pona*
2. *i can't see that*
3. *i am protecting you*
4. *i saw that you fixed our house*
5. *this tool strengthens the bugs*
6. *i'm trying to see my glasses*

read sitelen pona

1. Ḁ Ḃ Ḅ Ḅ Ḃ
2. ḥ > Ḁ Ḃ Ḅ
3. ˆ > Ḁ Ḃ Ḅ
4. Ḁ > Ḁ Ḃ Ḅ
5. ḥ > Ḁ Ḃ
6. ˆ > Ḁ Ḃ Ḅ

lesson 6 - the particle pi

vocab

∞ **ale** all, every, everything, entirety

I **pini** finish, stop, prevent; close, disable, turn off; ended, past; edge, end, conclusion

□ **lipu** flat object; book, card, leaf, paper, document, website

∞ **kala** fish, marine animal, sea creature, swimming creature

ǎ **pana** give, send, emit, provide, put, release; gift, present

∞ **kasi** plant, vegetation; herb, leaf

L **pi** *particle*: regroups modifiers

lesson

the particle pi

L pi is a really useful particle that regroups modifiers.

normally, each modifier modifies the sum of all the previous words in the phrase. the

particle L pi creates a second phrase which modifies the first phrase.

∞ ∪ |||

kala pona mute

many good fish

∞ L ∪ |||

kala pi pona mute

very good fish

in the first example, ||| mute modifies ∞ ∪ kala pona, while in the second example, ∪ ||| pona mute modifies ∞ kala.

definition of phrase

when i say phrase, i mean a collection of a main word + modifiers, like Q jan or 𐀓 𐀗 ilo moku.

note about long phrases

it's a common mistake to try to cram as much information as possible into just one phrase. try to avoid this!

if you want to be more easily understood, it's often better to describe concepts in sentences, and then refer back to previously described concepts with a concise phrase which makes sense within the context you've established.

examples

𐀓 𐀗 >> O L ∪ |||

mi toki e ijo pi pona mute

i talk about a very good thing

ꝑ ö»○∪|||
mi toki e ijo pona mute
i talk about many good things

ꝑ ö»○|||L∪|||
mi toki e ijo mute pi pona mute
i talk about many things which are very good

exercises

answers on page 50

translate from toki pona to english

1. *kasi telo li ken moku*
2. *soweli li pana e lipu pi sona mute*
3. *jan pi sona kala li sona e ni · kala li ken moku e jan*
4. *ona li waso pi suwi mute*
5. *ale li kama kala*
6. *ijo sin pi mute pona li kama*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *i'm reading the book of evil knowledge*
2. *the bugs built a library for books about bugs*
3. *my friend who knows how to build houses is handing out documents about building*
4. *the absence of my partner makes everything bad*
5. *people who are very far away are trying to eat my fish*

read sitelen pona

1. ∞ > ω ⊙ » ꝑ | □ 6
2. ꝑ ω > < » ð ∞
3. ꝑ > ä » |
4. ∞ ∨ > K |
5. I | □ 6 > ∪

lesson 7 - prepositions

vocab

☪ **mani** money, currency; thing of value, gold, investment, livestock

⊖ **lon** real, true, existing, present
preposition: located at, located in

△ **tawa** motion, e.g. walking, shaking, flight, travel
preposition: to, for, going to, from the perspective of, for the purpose of

↪ **tan** cause, origin, reason
preposition: from, because of

= **sama** same, similar, alike
preposition: similar to, same as

☞ **kepeken** *preposition:* using, by means of

lesson

prepositions

⊖ lon, △ tawa, ↪ tan, = sama, and ☞ kepeken are prepositions.

prepositions are used to express specific details about the predicate, like how or where.

just like preverbs, prepositions can be negated by the word ✕ ala. the preposition is appended to the end of the sentence, followed by a phrase.

subject > (predicate >> object) preposition phrase
subject li (predicate e object) preposition phrase

☞ ☞ ⊖ △ ☞
mi pali lon tomo moku
i work at a restaurant

the preposition can also be the predicate:

☞ > ⊖ △ ☞
ona li lon tomo mi
they are at my house

prepositions can be stacked:

☞ △ ☞ ⊖ △ ☞ = ☞
mi kama sona lon tomo sona sama sina
i learned in school just like you

prepositions can also be used as regular words:

△ ☞ > ☞
tawa sina li musi
your movements are amusing

examples

𐀮𐀮𐀮 > 𐀮𐀮𐀮
mani mute li lon tomo mani
there's lots of money at the bank

𐀮 > 𐀮𐀮 𐀮
jan li tawa tomo sina
a person goes to your house

𐀮 𐀮 >> 𐀮𐀮 𐀮𐀮
mi pali e ijo mute kepeken ilo
i make lots of things with tools

𐀮 𐀮 >> 𐀮 𐀮 𐀮 𐀮 · 𐀮 𐀮 >> 𐀮
mi toki e pona sina tan ni · mi olin e sina
i say good things about you because i love you

𐀮 𐀮 >> 𐀮 𐀮
mi lon e tomo sina
i make your house exist

exercises

answers on page 51

translate from toki pona to english

1. *mi lukin pana e kasi tawa sina*
2. *ijo li awen sona e pona sina tan ni · sina awen pana e sona ni tawa ona*
3. *mi wile sona e tan*
4. *ijo mute li wile e ilo tawa tan ni · tomo pali ona li weka mute*
5. *lipu wile li lon tomo sina*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *i saw someone who looked just like you*
2. *they wanna give you money*
3. *this house needs colourful flowers*
4. *people work for bad reasons*
5. *birds can learn a lot of things with books*

read sitelen pona

1. 𐀮 𐀮 > 𐀮 𐀮 > 𐀮 𐀮 · 𐀮 𐀮 >> 𐀮 𐀮 𐀮
2. 𐀮 > 𐀮 𐀮 >> 𐀮 𐀮 𐀮
3. 𐀮 𐀮 > 𐀮 𐀮 𐀮
4. 𐀮 𐀮 > 𐀮 𐀮
5. 𐀮 𐀮 >> 𐀮 𐀮 𐀮 𐀮

lesson 8 - time and place

vocab

⌚ **tenpo** time, event, situation, moment, period, duration

↳ **anpa** bottom, underside; below, beneath; defeat, humble, lowly

↳ **poka** hip, side; next to, nearby, vicinity

↳ **monsi** back, behind, rear

↳ **sinpin** vertical surface; wall, board; front of something, face

↳ **insa** inside, center, between, middle, midpoint, internal

⌚ **sewi** up, top, above, highest part; divine, sacred, supernatural; awesome, inspiring, excelling

lesson

place

the place words express location.

you can combine them with the preposition ÷ lon to say "at (place)"

(...) ÷ ⌚
(...) lon sewi
up
above
in the sky

examples

⌚ > ÷ ↳ ⌚
jan li lon anpa tomo
a person is under the house

↳ > ⌚ ÷ ⌚ ↳ ⌚
waso li tawa lon sewi pi soweli sina
birds are flying above your pet

⌚ ⌚ X ↳ >> ↳ ↳ ⌚
mi ken ala pona e sinpin pi tomo sina
i can't fix the front of your house

time

you say the time by describing it, often using the word ⌚ tenpo.

just like with place words, you can combine descriptions of time with the preposition ÷ lon to say "at (time)"

(...) ÷ ⌚ ↳ ⌚
(...) lon tenpo pi kama suno

in the morning
at the time of the sun's arrival

examples

ꞑ ʌ ɓ ÷ ʘ ʌ
mi tawa sina lon tenpo kama
i go to you in the future

ʘ > ʒ ÷ ʘ ↓
jan li pali lon tenpo ni
the person is working at that time
the person is working now

ꞑ ʘ ʘ ʘ ÷ ʘ I
mi wawa mute lon tenpo pini
i was really confident in the past

ꞑ ʘ × ʒ ÷ ʘ ÷
mi wile ala pali lon tenpo lon
i don't want to work right now

ʘ > ʌ ʘ ÷ ʘ ∞
waso li tawa sewi lon tenpo ale
birds always fly
birds fly at all times

lesson 9 - names

vocab

☪ **mama** parent, ancestor; creator, originator; caretaker, sustainer, guardian

⊕ **ma** earth, land, soil; country, territory, world; outdoors

○ **nimi** word, name

✱ **lete** cold, cool, frozen; freeze; uncooked, raw

⚡ **seli** hot, warm; heat, fire, flame; burn

☒ **len** cloth, fabric, textile; hidden, secret, covered, private

lesson

names

in toki pona, proper names are treated as modifiers, with a capitalized first letter. this means that you have to pick a word which describes what the thing is, and then modify that word with the tokiponized name.

jan Lisa
a jan named lisa

ma Mewika
a country named Mewika (the united states)

in sitelen pona, you write names by putting sitelen pona characters inside a cartouche, and read the name by reading the first letter of each word in the cartouche.

☪ (✱ 甲 ⚡ ∞)
jan Lisa

the words in the cartouche are ✱ lete, 甲 ilo, ⚡ seli, and ∞ ale, which spells Lisa.

some put special meaning in the words they choose to spell their names with, others choose the first ones that come to mind. either way is fine!

tokiponization

names in toki pona are “tokiponized,” which means fitting the name into toki pona phonotactics. the general guidelines to tokiponization are the following:

- use the local name and pronunciation
- syllables consist of a consonant, then a vowel, then an optional letter n.
- the consonant of the first syllable may be omitted.
- wu, wo, ji, and ti are illegal
 - wu becomes u, wo becomes o, ji becomes i, and ti becomes si
- you can't follow up a syllable-final n with an m or another n
- d → t, b → p, v → w, f → p, r → w/l/k
 - english r turns to w
 - tapped or trilled r becomes l
 - french/german r turns to k
- preserving syllable count is more important than preserving consonants
- if you're tokiponizing your own name - don't be scared to break a rule or two if the resulting name makes you happier! it's your name and you can do whatever you want with it

headnouns

headnouns are the word you put in front of the name, the thing the name is describing. when naming yourself in toki pona, you can pick anything as a headnoun for whatever reason you want! you can choose to describe yourself as a 𐀀 jan, 𐀁 ilo, 𐀂 pipi, or anything else! break loose and have fun with how you choose to express yourself! and importantly, respect how others choose to describe themselves!

examples

tess (my name!)

𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲

soweli Tesa

technically, my name should be Te to preserve syllable count, but i wanted to preserve the s in my name, so i broke a rule and made it Tesa instead!

tiara (my cat!)

𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲

soweli Sijala

ti is an illegal syllable, so it turns into si, and the r becomes an l because i'm norwegian and tap my rs!

english

ö 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲

toki Inli

here, the ng cluster is simplified to n, and the final sh was dropped to prioritize syllable count

swedish

ö 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲 𐌲

toki Wensa

derived from swedish svenska, the sv cluster is simplified to just w, and the sk cluster gets simplified to s!

remember that there's not ever just one correct tokiponization, for example, swedish could be toki Sensa instead!

lesson 10 - a!

vocab

☉ **lawa** head, mind, brain; control, lead, guide; government, leader; rule, law

⌘ **kulupu** group, community, society, company, nation, collection, team, crowd

☉ **nasa** strange, unusual, silly, abnormal, unexpected

↳ **a** *particle*: emphasis or emotion

lesson

a!

↳ a is an emotion particle! you can put it after a word or a sentence to intensify or emphasize what came before it.

put on its own it means something like ah, oh!, or some other emotion sound, and several in a row often means laughter.

examples

↳ ↳ ↳
a a a
hahaha

↳ ʘ ʘ ☺
a sina sona pona
ah, you know well

ʘ ʘ! ↳
sina wawa a
you're so strong!

lesson 11 - questions?

vocab

☾ **mun** moon, night sky object, star, celestial body

✕ **ante** other, altered; modify, change; difference

☐ **sitelen** image, picture, representation, symbol, mark, writing

☐ **poki** container; bag, bowl, box, cup, cupboard, drawer, folder

☒ **pakala** damage, break, botch, harm, mess up; mistake

☎ **jo** hold, carry, possess, contain, own

▭ **supa** flat horizontal surface; bed, floor, desk, plate, table, platform, stage

? **seme** *particle*: indicates missing information in a question

lesson

there are two ways to ask yes/no questions, and one way to ask an open-ended one.

○×○ ijo ala ijo

to ask yes or no questions, you use the ○×○ ijo ala ijo pattern, where ○ ijo is a placeholder for either the first word in the predicate, or the first preverb if there is one.

to answer a question like this you repeat the ○ ijo for yes, and say ✕ ala or ○× ijo ala for no.

☾ > ☒ ✕ ☒ Δ b

☒ / ☒ ✕

ona li suwi ala suwi tawa sina

suwi / suwi ala

is she cute in your opinion?

yes / no

b ω ✕ ω ☎

ω / ✕

sina wile ala wile pali

wile / ala

do you want to work?

yes / no

notice how easily recognizable the ○×○ ijo ala ijo pattern is, especially in sitelen pona.

anu seme?

you can also form yes/no questions by appending ʻ? anu seme to the end. (don't worry, lesson 12 will cover the word ʻ anu)

they are answered the same way as ○×○ ijo ala ijo questions, by either repeating the ○ ijo which would be repeated, or (○)× (ijo) ala.

if you're unsure of which word to repeat, you could also just answer with a sentence.

ḅ ḥʻ?

ḥ ḥ / ḥ / ḥ×

sina moku anu seme

mi moku / moku / moku ala

are you eating?

i am eating / yes / no

↓ > ḥ ḥ ḅ ʻ?

↓ > ḥ ḥ ḥ / ḥ / ×

ni li ilo kalama sina anu seme

ni li ilo kalama mi / ilo / ala

is this your instrument?

this is my instrument / yes / no

exercises

answers on page 53

translate from toki pona to english

1. *mi kama jo e moku mute kepeken mani*
2. *sina toki tawa mun tan seme*
3. *sina jo ala jo e sitelen suwi*
4. *seme li sona toki pona*
5. *ijo mute li ante e nimi ona tan toki pona*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *what's up? (not literal)*
2. *what's up? (literal)*
3. *i wanna be on the bed*
4. *what did you want to say?*

read sitelen pona

1. 6 𐀀 𐀁 𐀂 𐀃 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋 𐀌 𐀍 𐀎 𐀏 𐀐 𐀑 𐀒 𐀓 𐀔 𐀕 𐀖 𐀗 𐀘 𐀙 𐀚 𐀛 𐀜 𐀝 𐀞 𐀟 𐀠 𐀡 𐀢 𐀣 𐀤 𐀥 𐀦 𐀧 𐀨 𐀩 𐀪 𐀫 𐀬 𐀭 𐀮 𐀯 𐀰 𐀱 𐀲 𐀳 𐀴 𐀵 𐀶 𐀷 𐀸 𐀹 𐀺 𐀻 𐀼 𐀽 𐀾 𐀿 𐀿
2. 𐀰 𐀱 𐀲 𐀳 𐀴 𐀵 𐀶 𐀷 𐀸 𐀹 𐀺 𐀻 𐀼 𐀽 𐀾 𐀿 𐀿
3. 𐀰 𐀱 𐀲 𐀳 𐀴 𐀵 𐀶 𐀷 𐀸 𐀹 𐀺 𐀻 𐀼 𐀽 𐀾 𐀿 𐀿
4. 6 𐀀 𐀁 𐀂 𐀃 𐀄 𐀅 𐀆 𐀇 𐀈 𐀉 𐀊 𐀋 𐀌 𐀍 𐀎 𐀏 𐀐 𐀑 𐀒 𐀓 𐀔 𐀕 𐀖 𐀗 𐀘 𐀙 𐀚 𐀛 𐀜 𐀝 𐀞 𐀟 𐀠 𐀡 𐀢 𐀣 𐀤 𐀥 𐀦 𐀧 𐀨 𐀩 𐀪 𐀫 𐀬 𐀭 𐀮 𐀯 𐀰 𐀱 𐀲 𐀳 𐀴 𐀵 𐀶 𐀷 𐀸 𐀹 𐀺 𐀻 𐀼 𐀽 𐀾 𐀿 𐀿

lesson 12 - anu

vocab

⌘ **esun** trade, barter, exchange, swap, buy, sell; market, shop, fair, bazaar, place of business

◇ **kiwen** hard object; metal, stone, wood

⌘ **utala** fight, compete, battle; competition, challenge; struggle, strive

↑ **nasin** method, process, doctrine, tradition; path, road, way

◎ **sike** circle, sphere, spiral, round thing, ball, wheel; repeating thing, cycle, orbit, loop

Y **anu** *particle*: separates multiple possibilities, replacing the particle/preposition

lesson

anu

Y anu is a particle that's similar to "or"

it adds a new phrase to the current part of speech (subject, predicate, object, preposition), and indicates an and/or relationship between the two (or more) phrases.

examples

⌘ > Q Y ⌘

ona li jan anu soweli

they're a person or a dog

⌘ > K Δ ÷ ⊕ Y ⌘

waso li ken tawa lon ma anu sewi

birds can move on the ground or in the sky

⌘ Y ^ > K ⌘

kasi anu suwi li ken moku

plants or sweets can be food

notes about questions

Y anu doesn't automatically form questions.

one way to use Y anu to ask a question might be to list the possible options using Y anu, and then ask which option the listener agrees with.

𐄂 Y 𐄂 > K · ? > 𐄂 III 𐄂 6

waso anu soweli li ken · seme li pona mute tawa sina
do you like birds or cats more?

birds or cats are possible. which is really good to you?

another way to ask an either-or question with Y anu is by adding Y ? anu seme as the final option.

𐄂 Y 𐄂 Y ? > K 𐄂 𐄂 6

mi anu ona anu seme li ken tawa lon poka sina
can me or him walk beside you?

exercises

answers on page 54

translate from toki pona to english

1. *mi wile esun e kiwen*
2. *ijo li wile kama jo e ijo kepeken mani anu utala*
3. *sina ken utala e soweli mute anu soweli wawa · sina wile utala e seme*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *birds draw using rocks or tools*
2. *you can put this in the box of money or the box of food*

read sitelen pona

1. 𐄂 𐄂 X X >>> 𐄂 𐄂 𐄂
2. 𐄂 𐄂 > 𐄂 X >>> 𐄂 𐄂
3. 𐄂 𐄂 𐄂 Y 𐄂

lesson 13 - o!

vocab

☹ **jaki** disgusting, obscene, sickly, toxic, unclean, unsanitary

▮ **sijelo** body, shape, physical state, torso, substance, form

👂 **kute** ear, hearing organ; hear, listen, pay attention to

🗣 **kalama** to produce sound; sound; singing, thundering, drumming, clapping, laughing, beeping

🔎 **alasa** hunt, search, forage, attempt

particle

◌ o *particle*: vocative, imperative, or optative

lesson

◌ o has three different functions - commands, wishes/desires, and addressing people.

commands

◌ o can be used before a predicate, with no subject, to express a command.

◌ 𐌆𐌋	o moku pona
	eat well!
	have a nice meal!

wishes and desires

◌ o can replace > li to express a wish or desire.

𐌆 𐌋 𐌍	jan o pona
	people should be good

when used with 𐌱 mi or 𐌋 sina, you still have to include ◌ o, even though you would omit > li.

𐌱 𐌋 𐌍	mi o lape
	i should sleep

addressing others

you can put ǎ ɔ after a subject to address them.

waso ǎ

waso ɔ

hey bird!

soweli Sijala ǎ · sina sona ala sona toki pona?

tiara, do you know how to speak toki pona?

exercises

answers on page 54

translate from toki pona to english

1. sijelo sina o kama pona
2. pona o tawa sina
3. mi alasa e wawa tan utala kama
4. o jaki ala

translate from english to toki pona

1. don't make a sound!
2. listen to me!
3. forget that!

read sitelen pona

1. ǎ ö»ω 6 Δ ρ
2. ▽ ǎ »×↻□⊗
3. ϙ ǎ · ρ ω»ϙ Δ ρ □

lesson 14 - interjections

vocab

☞ **mu** animal noise or communication; non-speech vocalization

‡ **kin** indeed

particle: (after phrase or at sentence start) too, also, as well, additionally

→ **lape** sleep, rest, break from an activity or work

∩ **luka** hand, arm, tactile limb, grasping limb

∨ **suli** big, heavy, large, long, tall, wide; important, relevant

lesson

interjections!

interjections are sentence fragments which convey a meaning.

any phrase can be used on its own as an interjection indicating the presence of said word.

∩ ǎ

ike a

(that's) really bad

∩ |||

wawa mute

so powerful!

☞

jaki

gross!

commands with ǎ o can often be turned into interjections with more-or-less identical meaning by removing the ǎ o.

☞ ∩

moku pona

eat well!

have a nice meal!

∩ ∩

kama pona

welcome

exercises

answers on page 55

translate from toki pona to english

1. *ni li pona tawa mi kin*
2. *kin*
3. *soweli li mu lon lape ona*
4. *waso a*
5. *suwi*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *i pet my cat*
2. *i like to make things using my hands*
3. *sleep well!*
4. *i'm sorry to hear that*

read sitelen pona

1. ʌ
2. ʀ k x ʒ >> 6 ʎ ʒ L ʀ ʐ ʀ
3. ʎ > ʐ ʀ ʐ
4. ʒ ʎ

examples

ḡ →) p * > →

sina lape la mi kin li lape
if you sleep, i'll sleep too

p) ∞ > ∪

mi la ale li pona
everything is good with me
in my opinion, everything's good

⊕ ∙) ○ ||| > Δ

tenpo lon la ijo mute li kama
right now, lots of people are coming

♡ ḡ) p ^ ^ x ^ ^

pilin sina la mi suwi ala suwi
do you think i'm cute?
according to your feelings, am i cute?

⌘ ʸ ʸ) ? > ∪ |||

waso anu pipi la seme li pona mute
are bugs or birds better?
in the context of bugs or birds, which one is really good?

exercises

answers on page 55

translate from toki pona to english

1. mi kama pipi la sina awen ala awen olin e mi
2. pilin sina la kon ni li seme
3. suno li lon sewi la mi sona e ni · pona li kama
4. mi tawa nena la pilin mi li pona

translate from english to toki pona

1. every day you kiss me is a good day
2. when i'm happy, i howl at the moon
3. i can't see you because you're small

read sitelen pona

1. p ä » » ☹ Δ ♡ · ↓ > | » » ♡
2. ☹ ḡ > √ |||) p ω → ∙ ∙
3. p ω ö ! · ☹ · ↓ > ∞
4. ḡ ω ☹ » » ☹) ! ↓

lesson 16 - colours

vocab

- ⚡ **jelo** yellow, amber, golden, lime yellow, yellowish orange
⚡ **laso** turquoise, blue, green, cyan, indigo, lime green
⚡ **loje** red, magenta, scarlet, pink, rust-colored, reddish orange
⚡ **pimeja** dark, unlit; black, purple, brown
⚡ **walo** light-colored, white, pale, light gray, cream

lesson

colours

there's not really much special to say about colours. i just thought it'd be a nice break from grammar.

examples

⚡ ⚡ ⚡

soweli jelo pimeja
black and yellow dog

⚡ ⚡ ⚡

soweli pi jelo pimeja
dark-yellow dog

exercises

answers on page 56

translate from toki pona to english

1. mi loje e tomo · mi la loje li kule wawa a
2. kule la seme li pona mute tawa sina
3. sewi li kama pimeja

translate from english to toki pona

1. the bees are on the flowers
2. the ocean is green
3. what colour is your house?
4. the sun is not yellow

read sitelen pona

1. ! ⚡ >> ⊕
2. ♪ ω >> □ ⚡ ⚡
3. ♪ ♪ > ⚡ >> ♪ · ♪ · ♪ ⚡ >> ♪
4. ♪) ⚡ > ♪

exercises

answers on page 56

translate from toki pona to english

1. *tenpo pini la ma li wan · taso ike la ona li kama tu*
2. *suno li kama weka · tenpo ni taso la mi wile esun e pan sina*
3. *nasin sina li pakala e ale a*
4. *mi ken ala toki tawa ijo ike · taso sina pona la mi ken toki*
5. *mi wile tu e pan ni la mi o seme*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *i only want to read the official toki pona book*
2. *if you wanna meow at the moon during bad times, i'll meow right beside you*
3. *my parents are very nice, but i didn't like when they got me uncool clothes*
4. *i feel like you underestimate your strength*

read sitelen pona

1. p ʌ >> m p ʌ ʌ
2. ʌ ʌ > ʌ x ʌ ÷ ʌ
3. p ʌ x ʌ ʌ ʌ ↓ · ʌ > x
4. ʌ ʌ > k 1 >> ʌ

lesson 19 - and...

vocab

𐌆 **open** begin, start, open, turn on; beginning

𐌐 **palisa** long and hard thing; branch, pole, rod, stick, spine, mast

𐌸 **unpa** sex, to have sex with

𐌛 **noka** foot, leg, organ of locomotion, roots

𐌵 **kili** fruit, vegetable, seed, mushroom

+ **en** *particle*: between additional subjects

lesson

how to say and

to say and, you repeat the particle. for additional subjects you use the particle + en.

this means you repeat + en for subjects, > li for predicates, >> e for direct objects, and repeat the preposition for multiple prepositional phrases.

subject + subject > predicate > predicate >> object >> object preposition phrase
preposition phrase
subject en subject li predicate li predicate e object e object preposition phrase
preposition phrase

examples

𐌆+𐌸𐌵 > 𐌛 > 𐌸 𐌸 𐌛 𐌸 𐌸

jan en soweli li tawa li pali kepeken noka kepeken ilo

the person and the dog are walking and working using legs and tools

𐌹 + 𐌶 𐌵 𐌛 𐌵 𐌵 𐌸 𐌵 𐌵

mi en sina o tawa wawa o pali wawa a

me and you have to move quickly and work hard!

exercises

answers on page 57

translate from toki pona to english

1. *mi en sina li ken ale*
2. *ona li tawa suli kepeken noka*
3. *ona li wawa mute li suli mute*
4. *waso o · o pana e palisa ni tawa mi*
5. *a kon li lete mute*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *this community does not need a leader*
2. *what are you and lisa up to?*
3. *what's the meaning of this word?*
4. *hold on. is this almost the end of the course?*

read sitelen pona

1. 6 ω 𐄂 𐄃 𐄄 𐄅 𐄆 𐄇 𐄈 𐄉 𐄊 𐄋 𐄌 𐄍 𐄎 𐄏 𐄐 𐄑 𐄒 𐄓 𐄔 𐄕 𐄖 𐄗 𐄘 𐄙 𐄚 𐄛 𐄜 𐄝 𐄞 𐄟 𐄠 𐄡 𐄢 𐄣 𐄤 𐄥 𐄦 𐄧 𐄨 𐄩 𐄪 𐄫 𐄬 𐄭 𐄮 𐄯 𐄰 𐄱 𐄲 𐄳 𐄴 𐄵 𐄶 𐄷 𐄸 𐄹 𐄺 𐄻 𐄼 𐄽 𐄾 𐄿
2. 𐄂 𐄃 𐄄 𐄅 𐄆 𐄇 𐄈 𐄉 𐄊 𐄋 𐄌 𐄍 𐄎 𐄏 𐄐 𐄑 𐄒 𐄓 𐄔 𐄕 𐄖 𐄗 𐄘 𐄙 𐄚 𐄛 𐄜 𐄝 𐄞 𐄟 𐄠 𐄡 𐄢 𐄣 𐄤 𐄥 𐄦 𐄧 𐄨 𐄩 𐄪 𐄫 𐄬 𐄭 𐄮 𐄯 𐄰 𐄱 𐄲 𐄳 𐄴 𐄵 𐄶 𐄷 𐄸 𐄹 𐄺 𐄻 𐄼 𐄽 𐄾 𐄿
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4. 𐄂 𐄃 𐄄 𐄅 𐄆 𐄇 𐄈 𐄉 𐄊 𐄋 𐄌 𐄍 𐄎 𐄏 𐄐 𐄑 𐄒 𐄓 𐄔 𐄕 𐄖 𐄗 𐄘 𐄙 𐄚 𐄛 𐄜 𐄝 𐄞 𐄟 𐄠 𐄡 𐄢 𐄣 𐄤 𐄥 𐄦 𐄧 𐄨 𐄩 𐄪 𐄫 𐄬 𐄭 𐄮 𐄯 𐄰 𐄱 𐄲 𐄳 𐄴 𐄵 𐄶 𐄷 𐄸 𐄹 𐄺 𐄻 𐄼 𐄽 𐄾 𐄿

lesson 20 - you're done!

vocab

no more vocab, you're done!

↓ > I L □ ö) ☹ > ∴ X

ni li pini pi lipu sona la nimi sin li lon ala

lesson

tips

- it's important to make an effort to understand toki pona's philosophy.

this will make it easier to understand why it works the way it does, which will make it a lot easier to express yourself and have fun with the language!

- practice, talk to people, have fun!
- i highly recommend checking out nasin toki pona by kili pan Juli! it's a really good grammar reference, which can be useful whenever there's something you'd like a quick refresher on, or something you'd like more in-depth knowledge of. it does a really good job of explaining all of toki pona's grammar!
- look at lipu Linku whenever you need to remember what a word means! it's the best toki pona dictionary out there
- sona.pona.la is a wiki thats full of useful information about toki pona!
- now its time to practice! use the language with others, listen to music, podcasts, read stories, or check out other media made in toki pona!

sina kama sona e toki pona e nimi ale pi toki pona · ni li open pi tenpo sin · o suli e sona sina · o musi · o pona

answers

lesson 1

questions on page 5

toki pona to english

1. *i'm cute*
2. *you're good*
3. *hello! i'm new*

english to toki pona

1. *mi toki*
2. *mi sina*

read sitelen pona

1. *sina toki*
you're talking
2. *mi pona*
i'm nice

lesson 2

questions on page 7

translate from toki pona to english

1. *they're a bird*
2. *someone is playing*
3. *people are playing*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *ike li ike*
2. *suwi li pona*
3. *ijo li ike*
4. *musi li pona*

read sitelen pona

1. *ike li musu*
being bad is fun
2. *ona li soweli*
they're a dog
3. *waso li sin*
the bird is new

lesson 3

questions on page 9

translate from toki pona to english

1. *many possibilities*
2. *the strong animal is not small*
3. *they're a bad person*
4. *i don't like when you're away*
your absence is bad

5. *this is not good*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *soweli lili li suwi mute*
2. *waso li ken*
3. *jan lili li weka*
4. *wawa mi li pona lili*
5. *jan mute li toki pona*
6. *jan lili weka li musi pona*

read sitelen pona

1. *sina soweli lili*
you're a tiny animal
2. *waso li ni ala*
the bird isn't doing that
3. *jan weka li wawa mute*
the people who left are really powerful
4. *toki sin li ken*
a new speech is possible
5. *waso mute li musi*
lots of birds are having fun

lesson 4

questions on page 12

translate from toki pona to english

1. *i love you*
2. *colourful drinks are tasty*
3. *an evil person is staring at my food*
4. *it's very colourful*
5. *many workers painted the restaurant*
6. *i eat your new food*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *mi lukin e suwi sina*
mi lukin e ni · sina suwi
2. *soweli li moku*
3. *mi musi e jan pali*
4. *tomo moku ni li pona*
5. *olin mi li pona e mi*
6. *mi ken e ni · sina moku e moku mi*

read sitelen pona

1. *mi pali e kule mute*
i make a lot of paint
2. *lukin sina li wawa*
your eyes are intense
3. *soweli ona li moku e jan sin*
their pet is eating the new guy

4. *mi olin e soweli suwi*
i love the cute animal
5. *lili ona li musi*
it's funny how small they are

lesson 5

questions on page 14

translate from toki pona to english

1. *we can stay strong*
2. *their absence empowers the people*
3. *tools can't kill animals*
4. *the person brings food*
5. *the bat is making a phone (communication device)*
6. *people make me want to remain an animal*
7. *i wish that you see good bugs*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *mi wile kama sona toki pona*
2. *mi ken ala lukin e ni*
3. *mi awen e sina*
4. *mi lukin e ni · sina pona e tomo mi*
5. *ilo ni li wawa e pipi*
6. *mi lukin lukin e ilo lukin mi*

read sitelen pona

1. *mi lukin pali e ilo pona*
i try to build good tools
2. *waso li awen lukin e sina*
the bird keeps looking at you
3. *ona li wile moku e pipi*
they wanna eat bugs
4. *jan li kama sona toki pona*
people come to know how to speak well
people learn to speak toki pona
5. *waso li sona waso*
birds know how to be birds
6. *soweli li ken moku e sina*
animals can eat you

lesson 6

questions on page 16

translate from toki pona to english

1. *seaweed is edible*
2. *the animal is handing out documents with lots of knowledge*
3. *the marine biologist knows that fish can eat people*

4. *they're a really cute bat*
5. *everyone is turning into fish*
6. *a good amount of new people are arriving*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *mi lukin e lipu pi sona ike*
2. *pipi li pali e tomo pi lipu pipi*
3. *jan pona mi li pana e lipu pali · ona li sona pali e tomo*
4. *weka pi olin mi li ike e ale*
5. *ijo pi weka mute li lukin moku e kala mi*

read sitelen pona

1. *kala li wile lukin e kasi pi lipu sina*
the fish wants to see the flowers in your book
2. *mi wile weka e pipi ale*
i want to get rid of all bugs
3. *kasi li pana e wawa*
plants give strength
4. *soweli lili li ken wawa*
small animals can be strong
5. *pini pi lipu sina li ike*
the ending of your book could use some work
the end of your book is bad

lesson 7

questions on page 18

translate from toki pona to english

1. *i'm trying to give you a flower*
2. *people remember how good you are because you keep reminding them*
3. *i wanna know the reasons*
4. *a lot of people need a car because their place of work is far away*
5. *the document of wishes is at your place*
the necessary papers are in your room

translate from english to toki pona

1. *mi lukin e ijo · ona li sama sina tawa lukin*
2. *ona li wile pana e mani tawa sina*
3. *tomo ni li wile e kasi pi kule mute*
4. *ijo li pali tan ike*
5. *waso li ken kama sona e ijo mute kepeken lipu*

read sitelen pona

1. *wile pi waso ike li ni · sina pana e mani ale sina tawa ona*
the villainous bird's demand is that you give it all your money
2. *ona li wile ala pana e ilo ona tawa sina*
they don't want to lend you their tool

3. *wawa mi li tan olin sina*
my confidence comes from your love
4. *lukin sina li sama lukin pipi*
you eyes look similar to a bug's eyes
5. *mi wile e mani tan toki pona mi*
i want to be compensated for the great speech i gave

lesson 8

questions on page 21

translate from toki pona to english

1. *the confident animal has become defeated*
2. *lots of plants are behind my house*
3. *i can go to you soon*
4. *i wanna be close to you because i love you*
5. *the document will always exist*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *ijo li lon anpa pi mani ni*
2. *sinpin sina li sewi*
3. *ike li kama lon ni lon tenpo pini*
4. *pipi li toki lon tomo toki*
5. *kala li wile tawa sewi lon tenpo pini · ona li wile ni ala lon tenpo lon*

read sitelen pona

1. *mi ken ala lon poka sina tan weka sina*
i can't be at your side because you're far away
2. *ijo li tawa tomo sewi tan ni · ona li wile kama pona · ona li wile kama wawa*
someone goes to the holy building because they want to improve and become strong
3. *sina musi e mi lon tenpo pini*
you were funny to me in the past
4. *soweli li lon monsi sina*
the animal is behind you
there's a creature on your back

lesson 9

questions on page 25

translate from toki pona to english

1. *i know how to speak a language called Nosiki (norwegian)*
2. *i wanna go to your country*
3. *i need a lot of clothes because the country called Kanata (canada) is really cold!*
4. *i forgot your name recently*
5. *(a flying animal named) lisa wants to finish working*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *soweli Tesa li pana e sona pi toki pona tawa olin ona*
2. *pipi ni li tawa ni tan ma Nosiki*

3. *mama mi li wawa mute · mama sina li wawa lili*
4. *nimi sina li pona*

read sitelen pona

1. *waso lpa li wile pana e sina tawa telo*
a bird named lpa wants to throw you in the ocean
2. *ijo lili ale li ken wawa*
all small things can be strong
3. *mama Lepa li wile e len seli tan tawa pi tenpo kama*
the parent named Lepa wants warm clothes for a future walk
4. *mi wile sona e nimi pona ale*
i want to know every good word

lesson 10

questions on page 27

translate from toki pona to english

1. *my head is warm*
2. *the government of the US is bad*
3. *hahaha your jokes are funny*
4. *everything gets strange sometimes*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *a mi sona ala e ni*
2. *kulupu ni li pona mute a*
3. *sina pona a*
4. *a ijo mute pi sona mute li lon kulupu ni*

read sitelen pona

1. *kulupu pona li wile e nasa*
good communities need strangeness
2. *a waso mute li tawa lon sewi · ni li pona mute*
whoa there's lots of birds flying in the sky! that's really cool
3. *kulupu li weka e ijo ike*
the community removes the bad stuff
4. *mi lete e moku sina*
i'm making your food colder

lesson 11

questions on page 31

translate from toki pona to english

1. *i acquired lots of food with money*
i bought a lot of food
2. *why are you talking to the moon?*
3. *do you have cute pictures?*
4. *who knows how to speak well?*
5. *many change their names because of toki pona*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *seme li lon
sina seme
seme li kama*
2. *seme li lon sewi
sewi li seme*
3. *mi wile lon supa lape*
4. *sina wile toki e seme*

read sitelen pona

1. *sina pakala e supa tan seme
why did you break the table?!*
2. *mi wile kepeken pipi tawa pali mi
i want to use bugs for my work*
3. *ma ni li lete seme
how cold is that place?*
4. *sina kama sona sitelen pona tan seme
why did you learn sitelen pona?
where did you learn to write well from?*

lesson 12

questions on page 33

translate from toki pona to english

1. *i want to buy rocks
i want to sell rocks*
2. *people need to obtain things using money or violence*
3. *do you want to fight a lot of animals or a strong animal
you can fight many animals or a strong animal. which do you want to fight?*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *waso li sitelen kepeken kiwen anu ilo*
2. *sina ken pana e ni tawa poki mani anu poki moku*

read sitelen pona

1. *mi wile ala ante e nasin ike mi
i don't want to change my evil ways*
2. *ona lili li sona ala e nasin ilo
the small ones don't know proper lawnmower etiquette*
3. *mi wile musu anu moku
i either want to play or eat*

lesson 13

questions on page 35

translate from toki pona to english

1. *get well
your body should become good*
2. *may good come to you*
3. *i'm seeking power because of the coming fight*
4. *don't be gross!*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *o kalama ala*
2. *o kute e mi*
3. *o weka e sona ni*

read sitelen pona

1. *o toki e wile sina tawa mi*
tell me your desires
2. *kiwen o weka tan tomo pali*
the boulder should be gone from the workplace
3. *mama o · mi wile e mani tawa esun len*
dad, i need money for clothes shopping

lesson 14

questions on page 37

translate from toki pona to english

1. *i like this too*
2. *indeed*
3. *the dog snores in its sleep*
4. *birds!*
5. *cute*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *mi luka e soweli mi*
2. *mi pali e ijo kepeken luka mi · ni li pona tawa mi*
3. *(o) lape pona*
4. *ike a*

read sitelen pona

1. *awen*
remain as you were
2. *mi ken ala kute e sina tan pakala pi ilo kalama mi*
i can't hear you because my headphones are broken
3. *soweli li musi kepeken sike*
the dog is playing with a ball
4. *esun pona*
have a nice transaction

lesson 15

questions on page 39

translate from toki pona to english

1. *would you still love me if i became a bug?*
2. *what do you think the meaning of this is?*
what do you think this smell is?
3. *when the sun is in the sky, i know that good is coming*
4. *when i go to the mountains, i feel good*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *sina uta e mi la tenpo suno ni li pona*
2. *pilin mi li pona la mi mu tawa mun*
3. *sina lili la mi ken ala lukin e sina*
mi ken ala lukin e sina tan lili sina

read sitelen pona

1. *mi pana e ko tawa kasi · ni li wawa e kasi*
i give some fertilizer to the plants. this makes the plant stronger.
2. *tomo sina li sulisute la mi wile lape lon ona*
your home is huge, so i wanna sleep there
3. *mi wile toki a · mu · ni li ale*
i wanna say something. meow! thats all.
4. *sina wile pakala e mun la o ni*
if you want to destroy the moon, do it!

lesson 16

questions on page 40

translate from toki pona to english

1. *i paint the house pink. i think it's a vibrant colour*
(could also be any other reddish colour but i translated with pink cuz thats a nice colour)
2. *what's your favourite colour?*
3. *the sky is getting dark*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *pipi li lon kasi*
pipi jelo pimeja li lon kasi
2. *telo sulisute li laso*
3. *tomo sina li kule seme*
4. *kule seme li lon tomo sina*
5. *suno li jelo ala*

sitelen pona

1. *o loje e ma*
paint the world red
2. *mi wile e len pimeja walo*
i want black and white clothes
3. *jan musi li kule e sinpin ona · mi sona ala e tan*
clowns paint their faces. i don't know why
4. *kala la laso li pona*
fish like blue

lesson 17

questions on page 42

translate from toki pona to english

1. *in the past, the country was united. however, unfortunately it became divided*
2. *i only want to buy your bread in the evening*
3. *your methods are ruining everything!*
4. *i can't talk to bad people. but you're good, so we can talk*

5. *what should i do to split this bread?*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *mi wile pu taso*
2. *sina wile mu tawa mun lon tenpo ike la mi mu lon poka sina*
3. *mama mi li pona · taso ona li pana e len pi pona ala tawa mi la ni li ike*
4. *pilin mi la sina lili e wawa sina*

read sitelen pona

1. *mi pona e selo mi kepeken ko*
i take care of my skin using lotion
2. *sina taso li wile ala pu lon mun*
you're the only one who doesn't want to interact with Toki Pona: The Language of Good by Sonja Lang on the moon
3. *mi wile ala tawa nena tan ni · suno li weka*
i don't want to go to the mountains because the sun is gone
4. *sina taso li ken wan e pipi*
only you can unite the bugs

lesson 18

questions on page 44

translate from toki pona to english

1. *if you wanna go to the bathroom, go to the second door*
2. *two bats are going to a restaurant*
3. *i'm learning a lot of toki pona words*
4. *when i'm done with my work, i can have fun*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *akesi li suwi a*
2. *ike a · ilo nanpa mi li pakala*
a · ilo mi li pakala
3. *jan ike tu li lon poka pi tomo sina*
4. *ni li mu sina nanpa wan*

read sitelen pona

1. *mi wile e soweli tu*
i want two ferrets
2. *akesi li tawa lon linja · ona li wawa mute a*
the crocodile is walking on a tightrope. it's really confident!
3. *mi o pali e lupa mute tan jan ike*
i have to dig a lot of holes because of an evil guy

lesson 19

questions on page 46

translate from toki pona to english

1. *me and you can do anything*
2. *they are going far with their legs*
3. *they are very strong and tall*

4. *hey bird, give me that stick*
5. *oh the wind is cold*

translate from english to toki pona

1. *kulupu ni li wile e lawa ala*
2. *sina en waso Lisa li seme*
3. *kon pi nimi ni li seme*
4. *o awen · pini pi lipu sona ni li kama anu seme*

read sitelen pona

1. *sina wile open e ilo sina la o luka e nena ona
to turn on your device, push its button*
2. *kili ale en kasi ale li kama laso
all the fruits and plants turned green*
3. *sinpin ona li nasa tawa lukin pipi tawa lukin akesi
their face looks weird to bugs and lizards*
4. *o awen · pini pi lipu sona li kama anu seme
hold on. is this almost the end of the course?*